

# Mining old data for exploration success

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# The value of public geoscience and role of Geological Survey Organisations



### Value of data

"Explorers highly regard the accessibility and provision of pre-competitive data by Australia's geological survey organisations."

Mineral and Energy Resource Exploration, Productivity Commission Inquiry Report no.65





### What does the Geological Survey of NSW do?

**Collect**, **manage** and **deliver** geoscientific data:

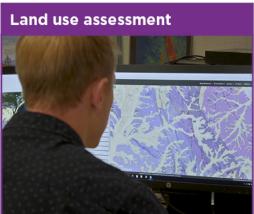
- to support the responsible development of NSW resources, including attracting resource industry investment into regional NSW
- to provide advice into land use planning, and natural resource and environmental management.

The custodian and **authoritative source** of up-to-date **knowledge** about the geology, geological evolution, and mineral and energy resources of NSW









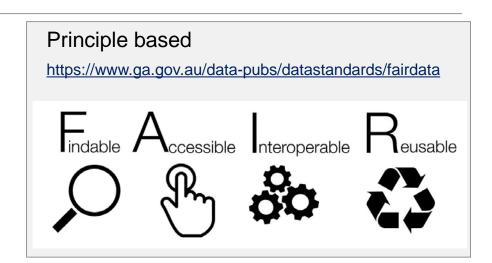


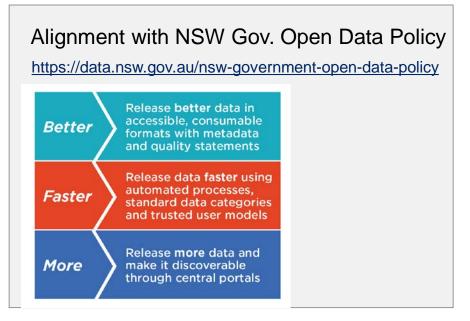
### **Data strategy**

Provision of world-class geoscientific information and advice to meet the needs of the minerals and petroleum industries, and other stakeholders

- Understand stakeholder needs
- Use data to drive decisions
- Build-in and promote data quality
- Standards based approach
- Retain province, valuing raw and derived
- Design robust and simple delivery mechanism
- Maintain security measures to protect legal and privacy aspects

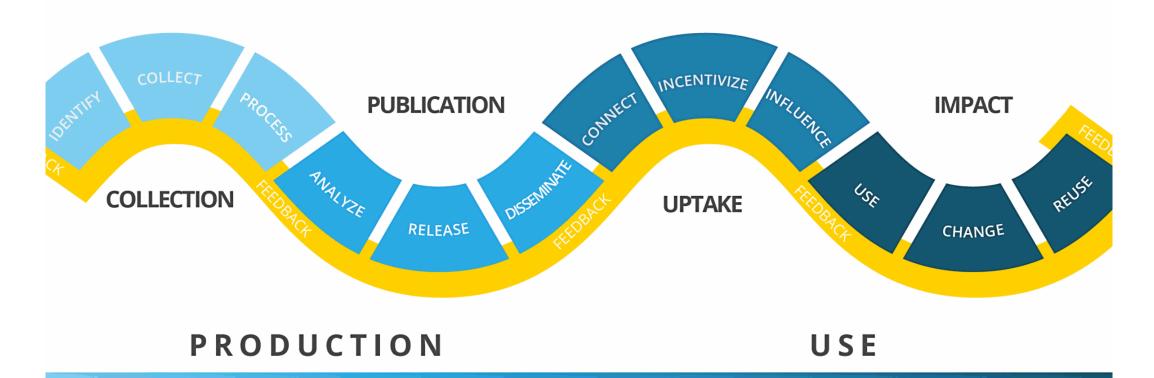








# **DATA VALUE CHAIN**



increasing value of data

# **The Sunset Clause Project**



### **NSW Mineral Strategy**

- Aims to unlock the NSW metal potential
- Improve NSW competitiveness for investment
- Key theme is providing data and information
- Supported by NSW mining industry



1.3

Make historical exploration data easily available

A significant amount of historic exploration data will become publicly available in June 2021. This will be validated, digitised, organised and made available in a readily accessible format.

Enable explorers to better target their efforts by providing easy access to historical exploration data. June 2021



### Background to Sunset Clause project

#### 2016 amendment of the *Mining Regulation*

- From 1 June 2021, MEG may release annual reports for all authorities granted under the Mining Act 1992 lodged before 1 June 2016.
- MEG may also release annual reports lodged after 1 June 2021 after a period of five years from lodgement has elapsed.
- Release is not mandated and there is discretion as to the nature and timing of release. Consultation with industry representatives is underway
- In 2016 the Government agreed to consider allowing grounds for objection for reports submitted prior to 1 June 2016. eg privacy and commercial in confidence





### **Purpose**

- Stimulate state economic growth by attracting new exploration companies in NSW
- Increase opportunity for immediate job growth in regional NSW by de-risking exploration activities
- Improve potential for long term job creation in regional areas by increasing the likelihood
  of locating a new economically-viable mineral deposits. Increasing employment
  opportunities in mining and associated industries
- Encourage greater mineral exploration investment in under-explored and under utilised areas of regional NSW
- Improve investment attraction and export development opportunities by increasing mining activity in new prospective areas.



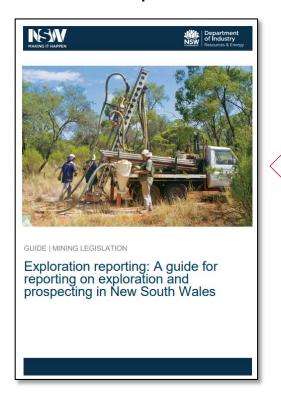
# **Data wrangling**



### **Exploration reports & data**

Approach based on data type and format

Annual reports



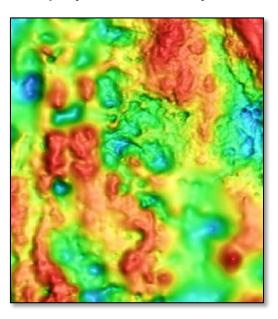
Stored & delivered in DiGS

1. Drilling and surface geochemistry



Extracted from reports
Loaded into database
Delivered through MinView

2. Geophysical surveys and data

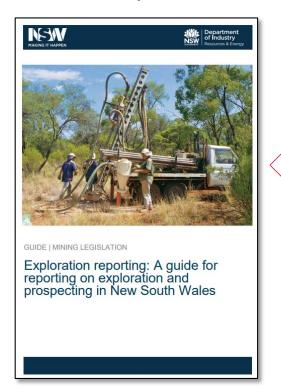


Stored separate to reports
Delivered through MinView
Merged into statewide image

### **Exploration reports & data**

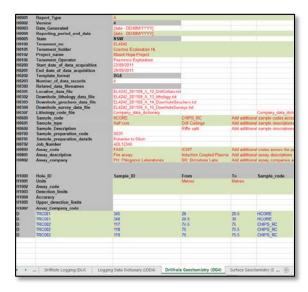
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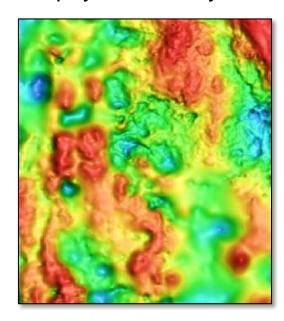


Stored & delivered in DiGS

1. Drilling and surface geochemistry



Extracted from report Loaded into database Delivered through MinView 2. Geophysical surveys and data



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# Challenges of data mining



### Quality issues discovered and fixed

Quality Control (QC) focusses on defect detection.

#### **Drillhole locations**

- Incorrect/incomplete coordinate information
- Drillholes do not plot within the tenement area
- Hole\_id not consistent over reporting years
- Holes renamed if provided as part of a historical compilation
- Incomplete data record
- Content added to template incorrectly
- Duplicates!

#### **Drillhole Geochemistry**

- Hole\_ids don't match Hole\_id's in surface location file.
- Analytical methods often not provided with data
- Element names in the H1000 row incredibly variable
- Text is provided within analytical result set, eg LOD
   Incorrect units given in templates eg AU ppm not ppb
- Sample\_id's aren't provided or are not unique

Report use to check
Title, company, year, confidentiality
Purpose, drill type
End dept, dip/azimuth at surface
Location

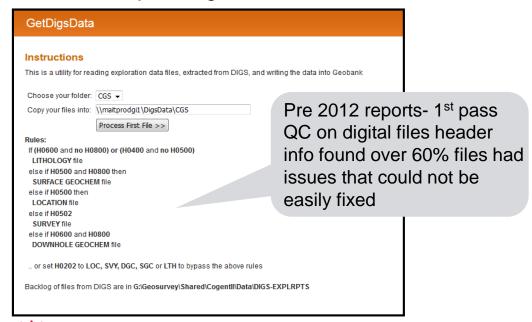


Sample data types (12mths)	No. records corrected
Drill holes & downhole	49,047
Drill hole geochemistry	48,759
Surface samples	4,673

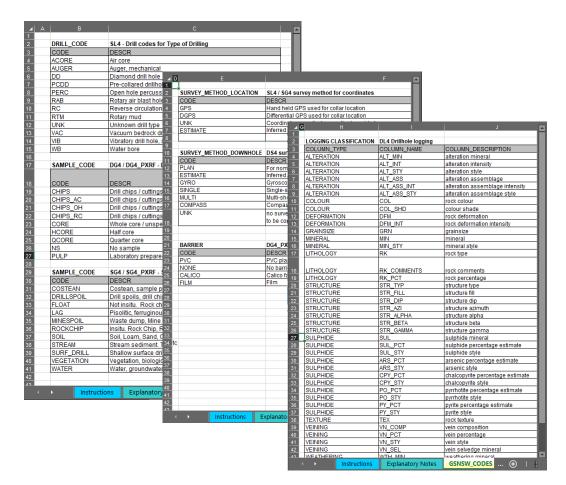
# Improving accuracy and consistency

#### Quality Assurance (QA) focusses on defect prevention

- Check report files on submission
- Check on uploading to database



• GSNSW Codes provide in templates



# Project results and database evolution



### Growing the minerals drilling database

Key events 2011-2012

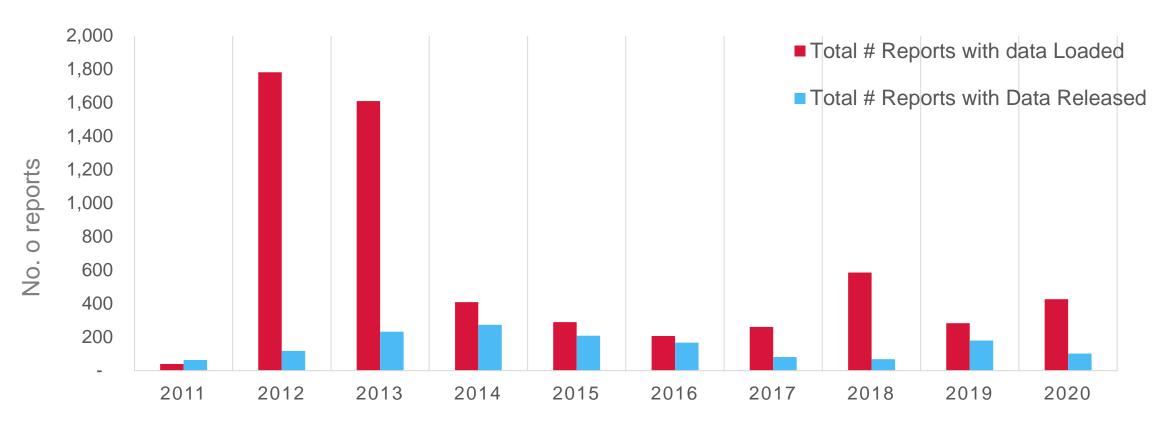
- Geoscience Data Warehouse (GDW) launched
- Drilling database became part of relational data model
- QA of datafiles began on existing reports in DiGS for years
   2000 2012 i.e. with digital data in csv loaded into GDW
- QC began on incoming reports datafiles
- Iterative process with initial focus on metadata information
- Adjust and extending the validation techniques
- Priority on open file reports initially

Year	No. of drill holes*
2000	25,000
2011	45,000
2013	130,000
2015	164,000
2016	224,000
2020	323,000

Table shows increase in drillholes records within NSW drilling database from 2000 to 2020



#### **MINERAL REPORT DATA MINING 2011 - 2020**



Red is when reports where loaded into Geoscientific Data Warehouse Blue is the year the data was made open file based on expiring of licence and therefor made available in MinView

YEAR OPEN	Total # Reports with Data Released	Recordy Type	Total Drillholes Released	Summary Drillhole Samples	Summary Drillhole Assays	Total Surface Samples Released	Summary Surface Assays
2011	64	MINERAL	1,664	29,354	130,323	6,604	73,263
2012	118	MINERAL	1,089	21,493	259,699	17,863	410,365
2013	233	MINERAL	5,166	54,887	587,981	56,467	793,200
2014	274	MINERAL	7,657	86,022	915,825	69,104	1,095,170
2015	209	MINERAL	5,399	51,560	1,090,743	45,091	1,017,932
2016	168	MINERAL	5,527	47,437	648,652	24,339	475,267
2017	82	MINERAL	3,757	90,186	758,330	38,160	466,821
2018	69	MINERAL	1,030	17,288	248,332	9,469	205,539
2019	180	MINERAL	5,530	56,461	1,609,580	73,531	1,258,700
2020	103	MINERAL	1,478	37,223	1,015,040	29,696	563,034

Note: Open file records only

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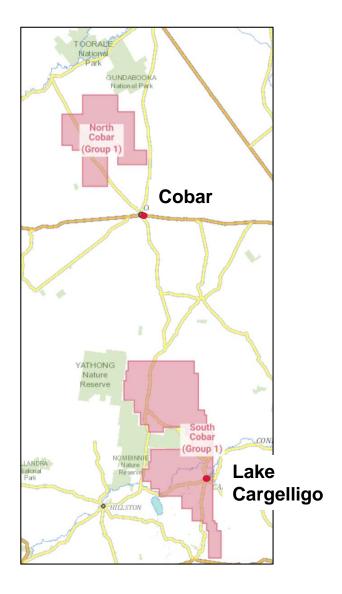
Note: Open file records only

## Mining historical mineral exploration data in 2020

North and South Cobar MAA's project work completed in 2020

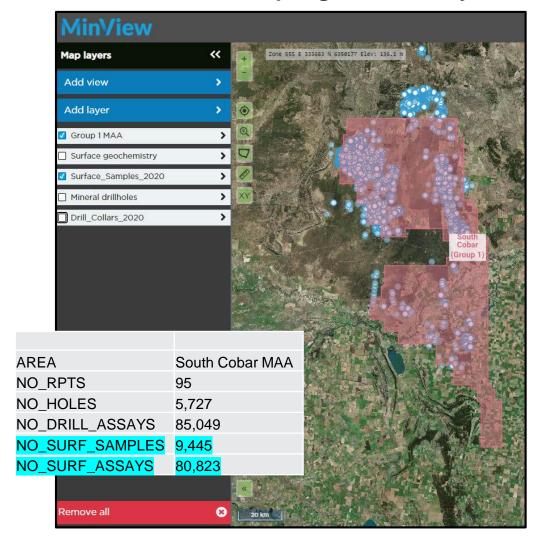
- The project reviewed over 350 pre-2000 mineral exploration reports stored in DIGS by external companies
- Age of the reports means no machine readable csv files
- Took 2.5 months by external companies to complete, and a similar time period for GSNSW to validate and integrate the data into the Geoscientific Data Warehouse (GDW)
- New data acquired from 187 historical reports
- Extra 16 reports from Macquarie Arc included



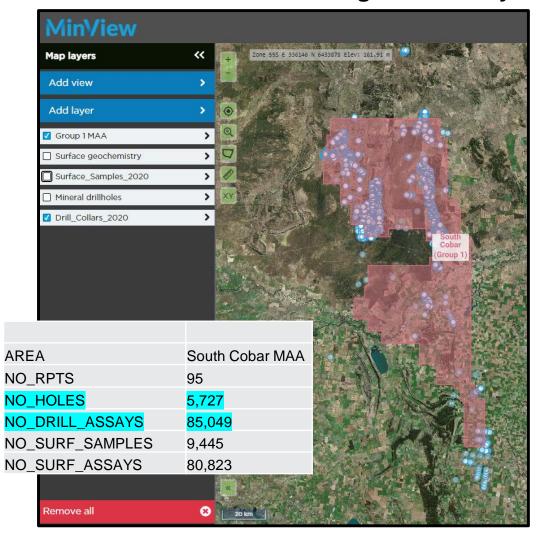


### **South Cobar results**

**Surface sample geochemistry** 



#### **Drill hole collar & downhole geochemistry**



### Results for north and south Cobar area

Area	Reports reviewed		% Open file reports	Drill holes	Drill assays	Surface samples	Surface assays
North Cobar MAA	~150	76	43%	11,793	213,233	19,037	156,116
South Cobar MAA	~200	95	100%	5,727	85,049	9,445	80,823
Macquarie Arc	16	16	0%	921	34,441	52	194
Total		187		18,441	332,723	28,534	237,133

- Not all reports have equal number of associated data records
- North Cobar 80% drilling data is from confidential reports
- North Cobar ~50% surface samples is from confidential reports

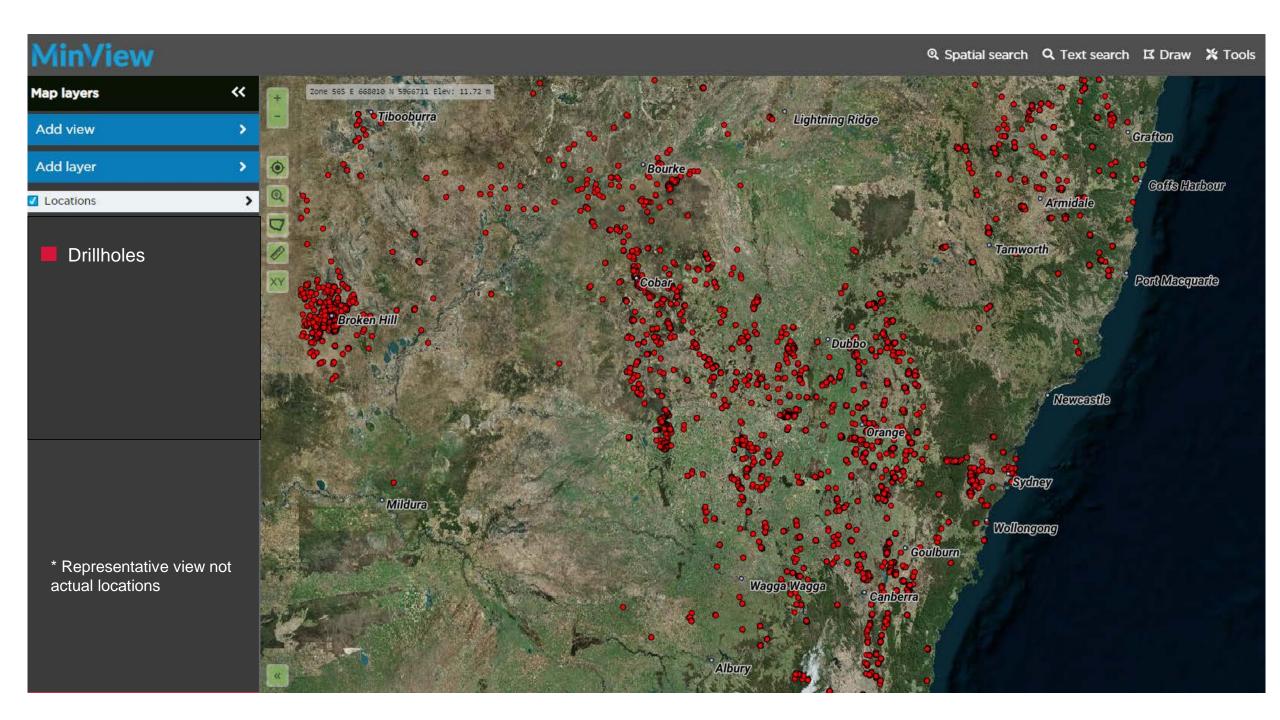


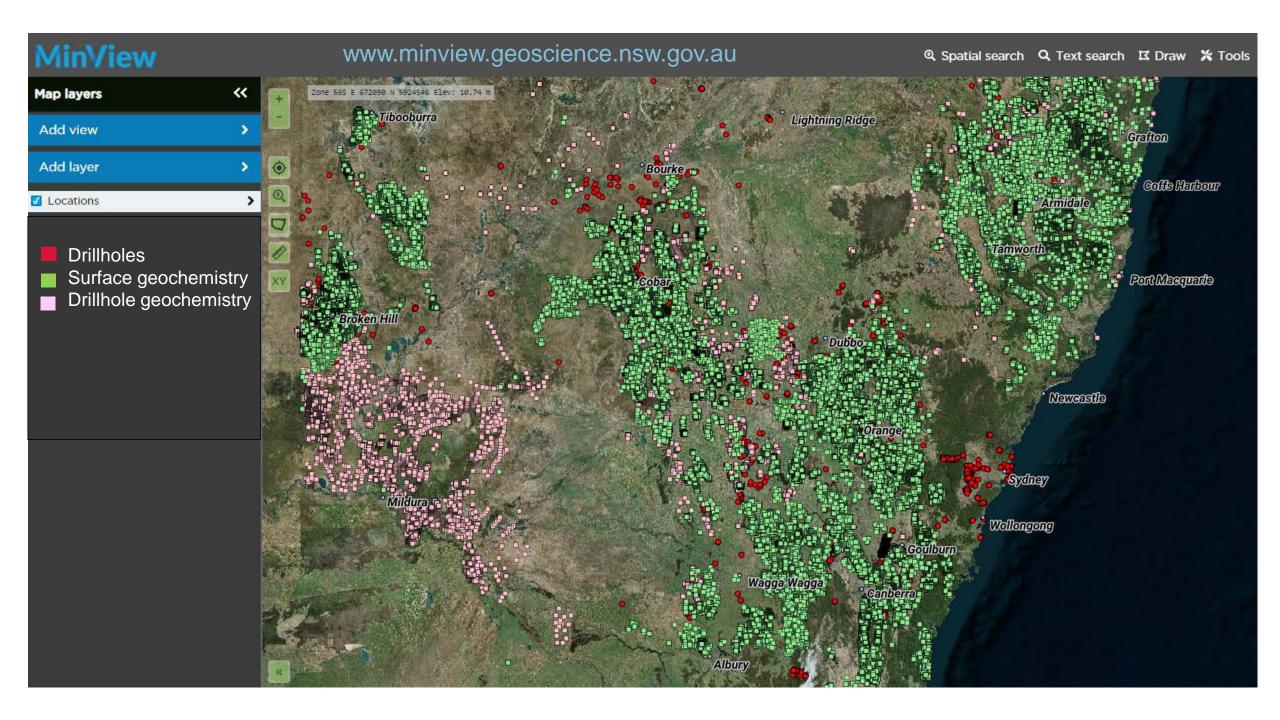
### Potential available data

- Data in Geoscientific Data Warehouse that could become open file on 1 June 2021
- Work underway to prepare 15,000 drillholes downhole geology underway
- Release is dependent on consultation process

Data type	Currently open file	To become open file
Surface geochemistry	~875,000	~600,000
Drillholes	~170,000	~97,000
Drillhole geochemistry	~990,000	~3,440,000



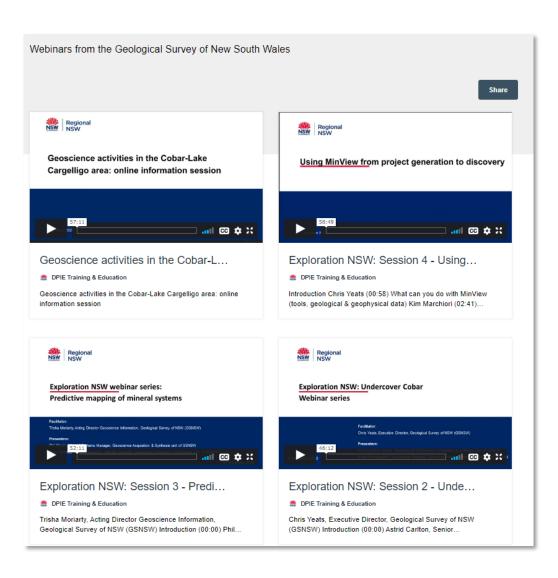




### **Exploration NSW Webinar series**

- Recorded in September 2020
- https://vimeo.com/showcase/7564689







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